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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/085,115 03/01/2002		John W. Averitt	00-00322	7222			
26874	7590	11/03/2006		EXAMINER			
FROST BR 2200 PNC C		DDD, LLC	FISHER, MICHAEL J				
201 E. FIFT		Т	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
CINCINNA'	ΓI, OH 4	15202	3629				

DATE MAILED: 11/03/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			Application No.		Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary			10/085,115		AVERITT ET AL.					
			Examiner		Art Unit					
			Michael J. Fisher		3629					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commu r Reply	nication appe	ars on the cover	sheet with the co	orrespondence ad	ldress				
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE IN Issions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this com- period for reply is specified above, the maximum is re to reply within the set or extended period for reply eply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATES of 37 CFR 1.136 munication. tatutory period will y will, by statute, c	TE OF THIS CO 5(a). In no event, however I apply and will expire Stause the application to	MMUNICATION ver, may a reply be time IX (6) MONTHS from to become ABANDONED	l. ely filed the mailing date of this c 0 (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status										
1)[🔀]	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>07 Jul</i> y	v 2006							
•	•		<u>, 2000</u> . action is non-fina	l.						
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٠,۵	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.									
Dispositi	on of Claims			·						
4)⊠	4) Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are pending in the application.									
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.									
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.									
6)⊠	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are rejected.									
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.									
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restri	ction and/or	election requiren	nent.						
Applicati	on Papers									
9)[	The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.								
10)[	10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.									
	Applicant may not request that any obje	ection to the dr	rawing(s) be held i	n abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).										
11) 🔲	The oath or declaration is objected t	o by the Exa	miner. Note the	attached Office	Action or form P1	ΓO-152.				
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119									
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim ☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of: —		·		-(d) or (f).					
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.									
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No									
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage									
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Attachmen	(s)									
1) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892)			nterview Summary (						
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Ination Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	PTO-948)		Paper No(s)/Mail Da Notice of Informal Pa						
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date			5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:						

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 8 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to

comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. There is no previous mention of a "vector equation".

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-4,6,7,10-12,14 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by US PAT 6,446,053 to Elliot.

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As to claim 1, Elliot discloses an open network system (fig 1) for automating an architectural process creating a contract (title), a graphic user interface (GUI) (aspects of the GUI are shown in figs 3 and 4), an attribute storage means (databases at 28, as best seen in fig 1), a filter for providing a GUI with filtered data (note the databases, regional would be filtered by region), a user database (to save the attributes, as best seen in fig 6), automated selection means for incorporating data with the user-selected attribute into at least on aspect of a contract document (fig 6, col 11, lines 33-36, the 'bid' being the contract document) and a document generation means for creating an aspect of the document (inherent in that the bid is generated, therefore, there would have to be a generating means as it is generated).

As to claim 2, Elliot discloses data entry means (50, as best seen in fig 1), attribute storage means (databases at 28, as best seen in fig 1), the user selects the attributes (such as 'region'), remote attribution information storage means (at the user's computer), a filter (by region), automated selection means that incorporates the data (as can be seen in fig 6), generating means for generating an aspect of the document (fig 6).

As to claim 3, Elliot discloses tracking a project (col 11, lines 39-47).

As to claim 4, Elliot discloses the system as searchable (inherent in that any database is "searchable" as the data is stored for later use, it must be "searchable" else the information could not be retrieved).

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As to claim 6, Elliot further discloses as being useful for architectural work (building) and thus, would inherently be used for "architectural" matters, Elliot further discloses a drop-down menu (called "pull-down" menu in col 6, lines 17-20).

As to claim 7, Elliot discloses maintaining an association between a plurality of pieces of selectable, design information (28, fig 1), allowing a user to select an attribute (such as "region"), retrieving information in response to the user selecting that attribute (col 8, lines 3-8), storing user selections (inherent in that Elliot discloses various "phases" starting in col 7 and the previous phase would inherently and necessarily be saved else it could not be retrieved), generating one or more aspects of the document in a format (fig 6), Elliot further discloses "architectural drawings", although Elliot does not specifically call them "architectural drawings (col 6, lines 45-50, "...or from construction plans...", which would be architectural drawings).

As to claim 10, Elliot discloses allowing a user to selectively preview and create architectural drawings (col 6, lines 45-50).

As to claim 11, Elliot discloses allowing the user to select a manufacturer catalog page (34, as best seen in fig 1, for choosing materials), generating a schedule aspect containing the data (col 9, lines 32-35).

As to claim 12, Elliot discloses various formats (such as that described in col 8, lines 45-50 or in col 8, lines 19-25).

As to claim 14, it is inherent that there would be a text editor, as text is added, this would be "editing".

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As to claim 15, Elliot discloses a catalog database (34, fig 1) and a drawing database (40, fig 1).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 5,8,9 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Elliot.

Elliot discloses a system and method as discussed above.

As to claim 5, Elliot does not specifically mention using industry accepted tags. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use industry accepted tags as these are generally widely used and would allow users knowledgeable in the industry to use common terms.

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As to claim 8, as best understood, Elliot does not specifically mention a "vector equation" associated with attributes. It is old and well known in the architectural arts that vector equations are important (to ensure a building will stand and also to ensure that material is not wasted making a building too strong). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the system as disclosed by Elliot by associating vector equations with relevant information to ensure the building is properly designed and built.

As to claim 9, Elliot discloses different views of the project (col 6, lines 45-50), but does not specify the type of views. "Plan" and "Elevation" views are old and well known in the art, therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to include 'plan' and 'elevation' views as these are used by architects to ensure their plans are correct, they would inherently have the previously mentioned 'vector equations' integrated as they tell the computer how the structure would react to gravity.

As to claim 13, Elliot does not specifically mention the format for the interfaces. However, it is old and well known to use a spreadsheet to view data in a database, it is old and well known to use XML in a network environment, it is old and well known to use CAD in designing buildings and it is old and well known to use word processing with computers, therefore, it would have been obvious to use one of these formats as they are all old and well known and would therefore be familiar to those using the system.

#### Response to Arguments

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Applicant's arguments with respect to claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. As there was ambiguity in the previous rejection (whether under 35 USC 103 or 102), the examiner will respond with a new, non-final rejection. As the rejection will be non-final, the examiner has applied different art that perhaps more closely matches the instant application.

The examiner will respond to the request at the end of the arguments that examiner "address each limitation in the pending claims", the examiner has tried to do this and feels that he has. However, when rejecting a claim where certain limitations have already been addressed in relation to other claims with the same limitations, those limitations already addressed will be assumed to be addressed and will not be repeated.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael J. Fisher whose telephone number is 571-272-6804. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. 7:30am-5:00pm alt Fri. off.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Michael Fisher

Patent Examiner GAU 3629

MFV 10/30/06